OTAHUHU INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

School Directory

Ministry Number:	1408
Principal:	Brent Woods Tanya Brook
School Address:	22 Luke Street, Auckland
School Postal Address:	PO Box 22165, Auckland, 1640
School Phone:	09-2766421
School Email:	office@otahuhuint.school.nz

Members of the Board:

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Chris France	Presiding Member	Elected	July 25
Brent Woods	ex Principal	ex Officio	April 23
Tanya Brook	Principal	ex Officio	
Verna Ernstzen	Teacher Representative	Elected	July 25
James Maeva	Parent Representative	Elected	July 25
Matthew Jamieson	Parent Representative	Elected	July 25
Priscilla Singh	Parent Representative	Elected	July 25
Ramona Pula	Parent Representative	Elected	July 25
Hannah Coleman	Parent Representative	Elected	July 25

Accountant / Service Provider: Edtech Financial Services Ltd



OTAHUHU INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2023

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Otahuhu Intermediate School Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2023

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2023 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Christopher Robert France

Full Name of Presiding Member

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Signature of Presiding Member

31 May 2024

Date:

Tanua Michelle Brock Full Name of Principal Signatu

Please vote 1 (Tanya 6000) Was the Annapal at Otahunu Intermedicitle for 319 July 2023

Otahuhu Intermediate School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2023	2022
	Notes	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	4,553,083	3,839,745	4,127,425
Govemment Grants - Resource Teachers: Learning and Behaviour	4	3,075,459	-	2,915,775
Locally Raised Funds	3	121,253	77.0	119,779
Interest		39,310	8,000	8,610
Other Revenue		13,493		11,916
Total Revenue	-	7,802,598	3,847,745	7,183,505
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	160,886	50,000	124,713
Learning Resources	5	2,520,782	2,452,000	2,435,185
Administration	6	634,024	336,591	554,084
Resource Teachers: Learning and Behaviour	4	3,075,459		2,915,775
Interest		6,777	8,000	3,679
Property	7	1,225,994	1,147,375	1,152,088
Total Expense	-	7,623,922	3,993,966	7,185,524
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		178,676	(146,221)	(2,019)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	178,676	(146,221)	(2,019)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Otahuhu Intermediate School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023 2023		2022	
	Notes	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$	
Equity at 1 January	-	1,287,556	-	1,289,575	
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		178,676	- 5	(2,019)	
Contributions from / (Distributions to) the Ministry of Education Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		- 22,684	-	-	
Equity at 31 December	-	1,488,916	-	1,287,556	
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,488,916		1,287,556	
Reserves		-	-	-	
Equity at 31 December		1,488,916	-	1,287,556	

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



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Otahuhu Intermediate School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

		2023	2023	2022
	Notes	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	1,353,798	-	1,068,084
Accounts Receivable	9	480,055	-	377,928
GST Receivable		42,304	-	36,598
Prepayments		53,778	-	40,583
Inventories	10	57,620	-	57,620
Investments	11	110,170	-	107,383
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	17	174,513	.	329,709
	-	2,272,238	-	2,017,905
Current Liabilities	13	546,823		513,749
Accounts Payable	13	90,456	_	191,491
Revenue Received in Advance	14	83,765		-
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	6,949		14,178
Finance Lease Liability	17	36,294	_	-
Funds held for Capital Works Projects Funds held on behalf of School Cluster	18	302,083	5)*	312,548
		1,066,370	(.	1,031,966
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		1,205,868	-	985,939
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	614,320	-	678,478
		614,320	8 8 -	678,478
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	331,272	-	371,265
Finance Lease Liability	16		-	5,596
		331,272	-	376,861
Net Assets	=	1,488,916	-	1,287,556
Equity	-	1,488,916	2	1,287,556

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Otahuhu Intermediate School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	2023 Note Actual	2023	2022	
		Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		1,568,044	-	1,495,706
Locally Raised Funds		138,035	-	169,810
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(5,672)	-	(21,338)
Payments to Employees		(483,286)	Ξ	(538,600)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,086,110)	<u>2</u>	(1,069,718)
Interest Paid		(6,777)	<u>12</u>	(3,679)
Interest Received		38,716	-	8,132
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		162,950		40,313
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(58,583)	-	(121,444)
Purchase of Investments		(2,787)	-	(1,020)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(61,370)	-	(122,464)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		22,684	-	-
Finance Lease Payments		(12,825)	-	(26,992)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		174,275		196,586
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		184,134	-	169,594
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		285,714	-	87,443
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	1,068,084	-	980,641
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	1,353,798	-	1,068,084

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Otahuhu Intermediate School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 15.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 16. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 22.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teacher salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.



Otahuhu Intermediate School Annual Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery, school uniforms and canteen supplies. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are: Board Owned Buildings Fumiture and equipment Information and communication technology Leased assets held under a Finance Lease Library resources

k) Impairment of Property, Plant, and Equipment

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.



5-40 years.

5-10 years

Term of Lease

12.5% Diminishing value

4 years

For the year ended 31 December 2023

I) Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

m) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

n) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to grants received for Resource Teacher: Learning and Behaviour and other revenue where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the grants are earned.

o) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

p) Funds Held for Capital Works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

q) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

r) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

s) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

t) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

u) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

v) Services Received In-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

2. Government Grants

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	1,688,379	1,152,618	1,452,595
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,972,902	1,820,000	1,807,703
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	891,207	867,127	867,127
Other Government Grants	595	-	2
	4,553,083	3,839,745	4,127,425
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The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$52,709.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	-	<u> </u>	50
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	17,971	-	11,611
Trading	103,282	2)	105,207
Other Revenue	22) 7	-	2,911
	121,253	-	119,779
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	56,206	50,000	46,460
Trading	104,680	-	78,253
	160,886	50,000	124,713
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds	(39,633)	(50,000)	(4,934)

2022

2023

2023

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4. Resource Teachers: Learning and Behaviour Services Revenue and Expense

The School is the lead school funded by the Ministry of Education to provide the services of Resource Teachers for Learning Behaviour to its group of schools.

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds at the beginning of the year	140,031	-	222,405
Surplus funds repaid to MOE during the year	(45,199)		-
Grants Provided			
Teachers' Salary Grant	2,650,111	-	2,461,899
Administration Grant	93,990	-	91,474
Leaming Support Funding	172,258	-	176,041
Travel Grant	84,817	-	82,547
Other Revenue	26,816	-	21,439
	3,027,992		2,833,400
Expense			
Employee Benefit - Salaries	2,720,835	-	2,539,405
Administration	93,627) 1	81,731
Leaming Support	208,810	3)	244,374
Travel	38,877	-	26,733
Other Expenses	13,310		8,816
	3,075,459	-	2,901,059
Purchase of Assets		-	14,715
Funds held at end of year (Revenue received in advance)	47,365	-	140,031

Revenue of \$3,075,459 has been recognised during the year as RTLB services are provided (2022: \$2,915,775).

5. Learning Resources

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	138,042	95,500	106,571
Information and Communication Technology	13,352	14,000	8,995
Library Resources	226	5,000	1,926
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,211,191	2,112,000	2,109,404
Staff Development	35,230	43,500	64,816
Depreciation	122,741	182,000	143,473
	2,520,782	2,452,000	2,435,185



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For the year ended 31 December 2023

6. Administration			
	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	9,971	10,000	9,681
Board Fees	2,985	3,000	2,505
Board Expenses	27,072	16,750	5,862
Communication	1,457	2,000	1,728
Consumables	9,340	6,000	6,015
Operating Leases	4,086	16,500	3,783
Other	427,653	58,359	343,490
Employee Benefits - Salaries	130,152	202,100	161,905
Insurance	4,095	4,682	2,949
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	17,213	17,200	16,166
	634,024	336,591	554,084
7. Property			
	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	17,285	18,000	15,614
Consultancy and Contract Services	43,305	51,000	45,166
Cyclical Maintenance	45,822	25,000	67,075
Grounds	23,826	22,000	11,827
Heat, Light and Water	24,383	21,000	23,527
Repairs and Maintenance	73,853	54,248	28,967
Use of Land and Buildings	891,207	867,127	867,127
Security	15,797	9,000	10,323
Employee Benefits - Salaries	90,516	80,000	82,462
	요즘 것은 것은 것을 하는 것이 같아. ???????????????????????????????????	80,000	82,462 1,152,088

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	1,353,798	-	1,068,084
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	1,353,798	-	1,068,084

Of the \$1,353,798 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$36,294 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2024 on Crown owned school buildings.

Of the \$1,353,798 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$302,083 is held by the School on behalf of the EWIS / Attendance Service Cluster. See note 18 for details of how the funding received for the cluster has been spent in the year.

Of the \$1,353,798 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$47,365 is held by the School on behalf of the RTLB Service. See note 4 for details of how the funding received for the service has been spent in the year.

9. Accounts Receivable

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	12,080	-	-
Interest Receivable	1,307		713
Banking Staffing Underuse	40,284	-	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	426,384	-	377,215
	480,055	-	377,928
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	13,387		713
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	466,668	20 3 0	377,215
	480,055	1	377,928
10. Inventories	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	3,478	-	3,478
School Uniforms	53,607	-	53,607
Canteen	535	-	535
	57,620	-	57,620



2022

2022

2022

For the year ended 31 December 2023

11. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

The School's investment activities are classified as follows.	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	110,170	-	107,383
Total Investments	110,170	-	107,383

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2023	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Buildings	302,457	÷	_	-	(11,420)	291,037
Fumiture and Equipment	239,235	56,026	-	-	(49,480)	245,781
Information and Communication Technology	100,982	1,040	-	-	(45,744)	56,278
Leased Assets	21,716	-	2	-	(14,146)	7,570
Library Resources	14,088	1,517	-	12	(1,951)	13,654
Balance at 31 December 2023	678,478	58,583	-	-	(122,741)	614,320

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$7,570 (2022: \$21,716)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2023 Cost or Valuation \$	2023 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2023 Net Book Value \$	2022 Cost or Valuation \$	2022 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2022 Net Book Value \$
Buildings	447,113	(156,076)	291,037	447,113	(144,656)	302,457
Fumiture and Equipment	860,751	(614,970)	245,781	804,724	(565,489)	239,235
Information and Communication Technology	334,892	(278,614)	56,278	333,852	(232,870)	100,982
Leased Assets	131,366	(123,796)	7,570	131,366	(109,650)	21,716
Library Resources	45,162	(31,508)	13,654	43,645	(29,557)	14,088
Balance at 31 December	1,819,284	(1,204,964)	614,320	1,760,700	(1,082,222)	678,478



For the year ended 31 December 2023

13. Accounts Payable	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	91,658		43,140
Accruals	9,971		27,653
Banking Staffing Overuse	(-)	-	23,000
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	411,452	-	392,649
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	33,742	-	27,307
	546,823	-	513,749
Payables for Exchange Transactions	546,823	-	513,749
	546,823	-	513,749
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.	*		

14. Revenue Received in Advance

	2023 Actual	2023 Budget (Unaudited)	2022 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	10,971	-	46,269
Funds for Resource Teachers of Learning and Behaviour Services (RTLB)	47,365	-	140,031
Other revenue in Advance	32,120	-	5,191
	90,456		191,491

During the year, surplus funds of \$45,199 were returned to the Ministry of Education as requested under the RTLB service agreement.

15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	371,265	÷	304,190
Increase to the Provision During the Year	45,822	-	68,025
Use of the Provision During the Year	(2,050)	-	(950)
Provision at the End of the Year	415,037	-	371,265
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	83,765	-	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	331,272	-	371,265
	415,037	<u> </u>	371,265

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2024. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	7,249	-	15,661
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	(1)	-	5,896
Future Finance Charges	(300)	-	(1,783)
	6,949	-	19,774
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	6,949	-	14,178
Finance lease liability - Non current		-	5,596
	6,949	-	19,774

17. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 8.

	2023	Opening Balances	Receipts from MOE	Payments	Board Contributions	Closing Balances
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Tech Block Refurbishment		(279,285)	273,746	-		(5,539)
MOE SIP Tree Removal Project		(44,439)	3,240	(720)		(41,919)
MOE SIP Security Access		(3,697)	4,146	(449)	-	-
MOE SIP Spouting & Guttering		(2,288)	2,648	(360)	-	-
5YA Site Roofing Replacement			17,000	(4,479)	-	12,521
5YA Site Electrical Project		-	25,273	(1,500)	-	23,773
MOE Block 3 Cyclone Remediation		-	1	(127,055)	-	(127,055)
Totals		(329,709)	326,053	(134,563)	2	(138,219)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

	2022	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Tech Block Refurbishment		(266,319)	• -	(12,966)	-	(279,285)
MOE SIP Pathway		30,206	1,271	(31,477)	-	-
MOE SIP Driveway Widening Project		29,897	15,316	(45,213)	-	-
MOE SIP Tree Removal Project		(7,530)	32,931	(69,840)		(44,439)
MOE SIP Security Access		-	47,339	(51,036)	-	(3,697)
MOE SIP Spouting & Guttering			31,361	(33,649)	-	(2,288)
Totals		(213,746)	128,218	(244,181)	-	(329,709)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education



(329,709)

36,294

(174, 513)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

18. Funds Held on Behalf of EWIS / Attendance Service Cluster

Otahuhu Intermediate School is the lead school funded by the Ministry of Education to provide attendance services to its cluster of schools.

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year	312,548	Ĥ	-
Funds Received from MOE	624,242	2	476,118
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster	(634,707)		(163,570)
Funds Held at Year End	302,083	-	312,548

Funds held include service agreements for Attendance Services and Attendance Officers.

During the financial year, the Attendance Services cluster purchased 5 vehicles at the value of \$61,305 for the purpose of delivering the Attendance Service.

These are not recorded in the School's fixed assets register as the vehicle are owned by the cluster.

19. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

20. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

2023	2022
Actual	Actual
\$	\$
2,985	2,505
543,695	698,806
4.48	6.00
546,680	701,311
	Actual \$ 2,985 543,695 4.48

There are 5 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 9 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2023	2022
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	40-50	180-190
Benefits and Other Emoluments	-	-
Principal 2		
The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:		
	2023	2022
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits: Salary and Other Payments Benefits and Other Emoluments

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2023	2022
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
110-120	5.00	2.00
100-110	20.00	5.00
	25.00	7.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



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For the year ended 31 December 2023

21. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2023 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2022: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals, as such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity Settlement Wash-up Amounts

The Ministry of Education provided additional funding for non-teaching collective and pay equity agreements. The school is yet to receive a final wash-up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual eligible staff members employed. The Ministry is in the process of determining wash-up payments or receipts. However, as at the reporting date, this amount had not been calculated and therefore is not recorded in these financial statements.

22. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2023, the Board has not entered into any new contracts.

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2023, the Board has not entered into any contracts.



For the year ended 31 December 2023

23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2023	2023	2022
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,353,798	-	1,068,084
Receivables	480,055	-	377,928
Investments - Term Deposits	110,170		107,383
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost =	1.944.023		1.553.395
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			÷
Payables	546,823	5 - 0	513,749
Finance Leases	6,949	-	19,774
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	553,772		533,523

24. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

25. Breach of legislation - Statement of Variance

A Statement of Variance Report of the year ended 31 December 2023, as required by Section 134 of the Education and Training Act 2020 was not prepared. This was due to significant changes within key leadership personnel in the school and relevant information not being completed as part of the previous year's analysis and annual reporting which meant that no analysis could be done for 2023.

26. Failure to Comply with Section 11(i) of the Education (School Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2023

The Board of Trustees were unable to provide the budgeted figures for the statement of financial position and statement of cash flows for the financial year as required by Section 11(i) of the Education (School Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2023 and acknowledge that this is a breach of legislation. This is due to unique circumstances that the School does not expect to recur. Budgeted information for the subsequent financial year is available and approved by the Board of Trustees.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF OTAHUHU INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Otahuhu Intermediate School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Matt Laing, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 23, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Qualified opinion

In our opinion, except for the matter described in the Basis for our qualified opinion section of our report, the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2023 and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 31 May 2024. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our qualified opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our qualified opinion – Omission of Budgeted Figures

The Board has not provided budgeted figures for the financial year in the statements of financial position, cash flows and, such other statements as are necessary to fairly reflect the financial operations of the Board for the financial year and its financial position at the end of the financial year. This is a departure from the statutory reporting requirements in terms of Section 11(i) of the Education (School Planning and Reporting) Regulations 2023. Further information about this departure is disclosed in note 26 of the financial statements on page 23.

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities arise from section 134 of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.

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- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information including List of Board of Trustees, Statement of Responsibility, KiwiSport Statement, Data Analysis and Reporting Information, Compliance with Education and Training Act 2020 requirements to be a good employer and How does Otahuhu Intermediate give effect to Te Tiriti O Waitangi, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) (PES 1)* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Matt Laing Partner for Deloitte Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General Hamilton, New Zealand